## S. 2883

To amend the International Child Abduction Remedies Act to limit the tort liability of private entities or organizations that carry out responsibilities of the United States Central Authority under that Act.

## IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

**OCTOBER 1, 2004** 

Mr. Hatch (for himself and Mr. Leahy) introduced the following bill; which was read twice, considered, read the third time, and passed

## A BILL

To amend the International Child Abduction Remedies Act to limit the tort liability of private entities or organizations that carry out responsibilities of the United States Central Authority under that Act.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Prevention of Child
- 5 Abduction Partnership Act".

## 1 SEC. 2. LIMITATION ON LIABILITY.

- 2 Section 7 of the International Child Abduction Rem-
- 3 edies Act (42 U.S.C. 11606) is amended by adding at the
- 4 end the following new subsection:
- 5 "(f) Limited Liability of Private Entities Act-
- 6 ING UNDER THE DIRECTION OF THE UNITED STATES
- 7 Central Authority.—
- 8 "(1) Limitation on liability.—Except as 9 provided in paragraphs (2) and (3), a private entity 10 or organization that receives a grant from or enters 11 into a contract or agreement with the United States 12 Central Authority under subsection (e) of this sec-13 tion for purposes of assisting the United States Cen-14 tral Authority in carrying out its responsibilities and 15 functions under the Convention and this Act, includ-16 ing any director, officer, employee, or agent of such 17 entity or organization, shall not be liable in any civil 18 action sounding in tort for damages directly related 19 to the performance of such responsibilities and func-20 tions as defined by the regulations issued under sub-21 section (c) of this section that are in effect on Octo-22 ber 1, 2004.
  - "(2) EXCEPTION FOR INTENTIONAL, RECKLESS, OR OTHER MISCONDUCT.—The limitation on liability under paragraph (1) shall not apply in any action in which the plaintiff proves that the private entity, or-

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ganization, officer, employee, or agent described in paragraph (1), as the case may be, engaged in intentional misconduct or acted, or failed to act, with actual malice, with reckless disregard to a substantial risk of causing injury without legal justification, or for a purpose unrelated to the performance of responsibilities or functions under this Act.

"(3) EXCEPTION FOR ORDINARY BUSINESS ACTIVITIES.—The limitation on liability under paragraph (1) shall not apply to any alleged act or omission related to an ordinary business activity, such as an activity involving general administration or operations, the use of motor vehicles, or personnel management."

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